

Knowledge Organiser: Swimming Developers Year 3 and Year 4

Links to the PE National Curriculum

All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres.
- use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke].
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.

Top Tips for Teachers

- Use the time you have travelling to and from the pool to discuss water safety. Find resources from Swim England in the resource bank to support this.
- It is recommended that all pupils wear swimming hats. Goggles are recommended for KS2.
- Have a range of buoyancy equipment available for less confident swimmers such as arm discs, swim belts and noodles.
- The Get Set 4 PE swimming plans are written for group sizes of 12. These can be taught for more or less pupils but you will need to be mindful of the equipment required and ratios of adults to pupils.
- The Year 1/2 SOW is written for beginner swimmers, the Y3/4 SOW is written for developing swimmers and the Y5/6 SOW is written for intermediate swimmers.
- When selecting lesson plans to teach, consider the level of your swimmers not necessarily the age.
- Always check the safety and pool guidelines of the facility you use before teaching.

Key Skills: Physical

- Submersion
- Floating
- Gliding
- Front crawl
- Backstroke
- Breaststroke
- Rotation
- Sculling
- Treading water
- Handstands
- Surface dives
- H.E.L.P and huddle position

Key Skills: S.E.T

- Social: Communication
- Social: Supporting and encouraging others
- Social: Keeping myself and others safe
- Emotional: Confidence
- Thinking:Comprehension
- Thinking: Planning tactics

Key Vocabulary:

- sculling
- submersion

buoyancy

huddle

rotation

crawl

- survival
- stroke

- breaststroke
- backstroke
- alternate
- treading water

Teacher Glossary

Body roll: When a swimmer rotates their body from side to side.

Glide: When a swimmer coasts with a pause in their stroke.

Stroke: A style of swimming. There are four competitive strokes: butterfly, backstroke, breastroke, freestyle.

Sculling: Using quick movements of the hands to keep the head above the water. Sculling can be done head first or feet first.

Treading water: A survival technique used to keep the head above the water.

